USDA Climate Hubs:

NOAA Eastern Region Climate Services Webinar

Lindsey Rustad, PhD Director, USDA Northeast Climate Hub



 Overview of USDA Climate Hubs
 Focus on NE Climate Hub
 Northeast Impacts, Adaptation & Mitigation

Translating Climate Science Into Action

Mission

To develop and deliver science-based, region-specific information and technologies to enable climate-informed *decision-making*...





How We Work: Workstreams



Science and data syntheses

Translating and delivering relevant information

NATIONAL CLIMATE ASSESSMEN **CHAPTER 24: NORTHWEST**



Tool/technology development and support *Supporting climate-informed planning and decision-making*



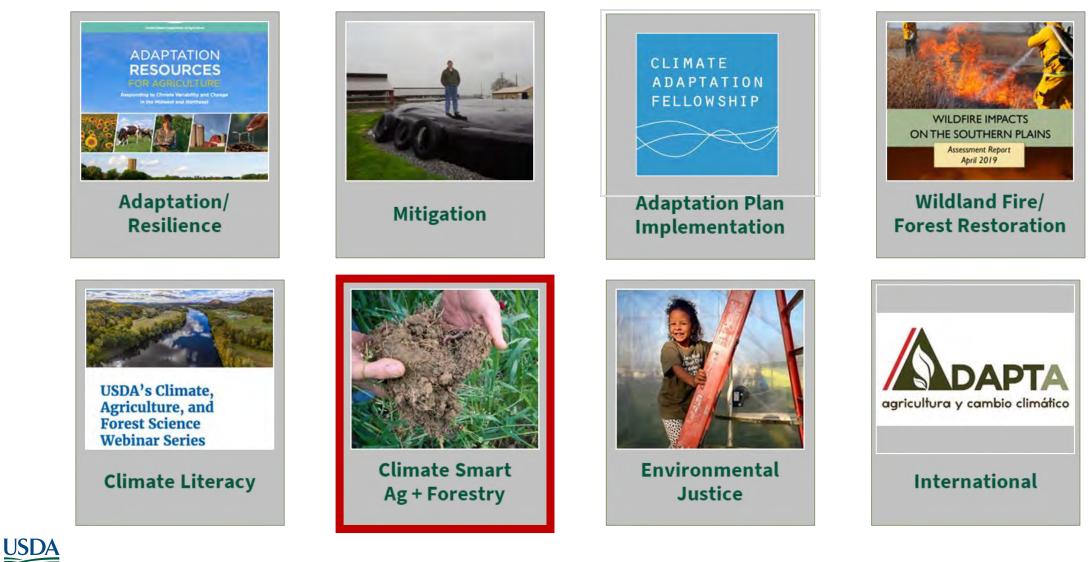


Outreach, convening, and training *Facilitating engagement, discovery, and exchange*





How We Work: Priority Areas



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Who We Are

Force Multiplier for USDA

service providers, leveraging the Department's joint capacity to have greater impact.

Model for developing and delivering climate information and services to agricultural and natural resource managers for USDA and its partners.



Northeast Climate Hub

- 12 Northeast States + DC
- 16 Land Grant Universities
- Home to most densely populated and forested states
- Partnerships with FS, ARS, NRCS, LGUs, NGOs and others



Northeast Climate Hub – By the Numbers



Priority Areas
18 adaptation and resilience projects
13 mitigation focused projects
12 climate literacy projects
8 climate smart ag and forestry projects
2 environmental justice projects

USDA U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE 5 Co-leads from NRCS, ARS,
 and FS; 4 Fellows
 conducting research and
 implementing programs

20 projects currently underway



÷=

14 Agriculture focused projects7 Forestry focused projects5 Weather/climate projects2 Agroforestry projects

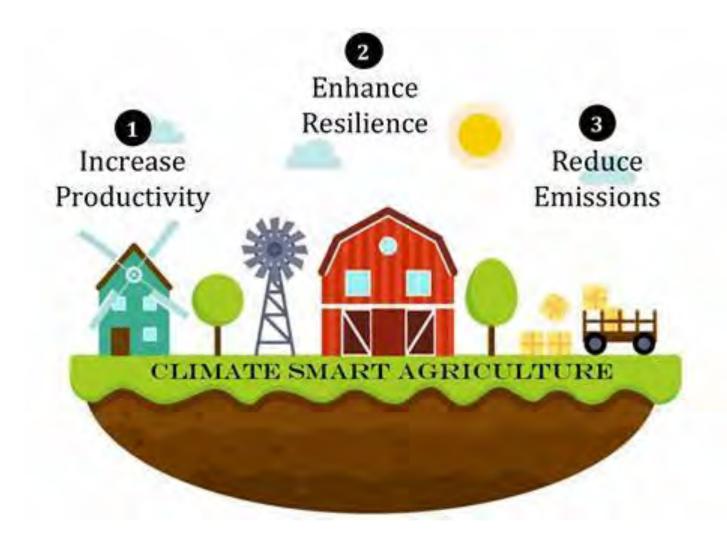
Northeast Climate Hub – Projects

- Climate Learning Forum
- Graduate Climate Adaptation and Mitigation Program
- Dairy Climate Adaptation and Mitigation Fellowship
- The Meteorological Drivers of Drought and Flash
 Drought in the Northeast
- Climate-smart Tools for Soil Climate and Analysis Network and engage with Tribal SCAN
- Understanding Forest Carbon Offsets
- Sightline a quarterly report on ESG
- The Pulse: Forests and Carbon in the News Long-term Economics of Soil Health
- Assessing Wood Vaults for Carbon Mitigation
- Sharing our feature length film, Delmarva and the Ground for Change



- Publishing our quarterly newsletter, The Quarterly Harvest
- Supporting an ARS Fellow
- Assessing performance of a Novel Shallow Well for Agricultural Use in Maine
- Working with a recent college graduate to develop scientific communication skills
- Mapping Saltwater Intrusion in Forests in the Mid-Atlantic
- Creating connections with the Northeast region NRCS staff
- Facilitating a meeting for all NRCS Climate Hub coleads
- Contributing to the 5th National Climate Assessment
- Climate science, synthesis, outreach service, and education

Climate-Smart Agriculture and Forestry (CSAF)





Emerging Issue: Drought in Unexpected Places and Unusual Times







Science Synthesis - Example

Flash Drought in the Northeast

- ✓ Determine how the causes of drought have changed and are likely to continue to change in the Northeast
- Provide a regional synthesis of results in a format that can be utilized by key stakeholders
- ✓ Communicate results to researchers, decision-makers, extension personnel and producers via factsheets, webinars, and other outreach activities



Tools and New Technology - Example

Shallow Wells (with USGS, UMaine)

- ✓ Diversify access to water
- Capable of storing more water than a traditional dug well
- Possible addition to NRCS climate smart strategies
- ✓ May be cost-effective



Outreach, Convening and Training - Examples

Factsheets and summaries of scientific studies



Quarterly enewsletters



Another Warm Winter but Better News about Climate Change

Workshops and proceedings



Archived webinars



Climate Change & On-Farm Water Management

Spring 2021 Climate & Ag Webinar Series



Economic case studies



ECONOMICS OF GULLY EROSION STABILIZATION An Economic Case Study | Last Rebort Farm | May 2018

> easing in the Konstructures and many field of definitions that the second second second second second second the second second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second second second second second term (LS) the second second

Two American Start Start

Ξ		
DISCIPL	Journal Science	4.0 cprocessite (chi international constraints) -Pharmanian (chi
12		1 and the same

360 virtual tours demonstrating climate adaptation practices



Northeast Climate Hub - advancing climate equity

A focus on facts, understanding, empathy, and action



Climate Equity Fellow (ORISE)

Tribal Climate Equity Fellow (NRS)

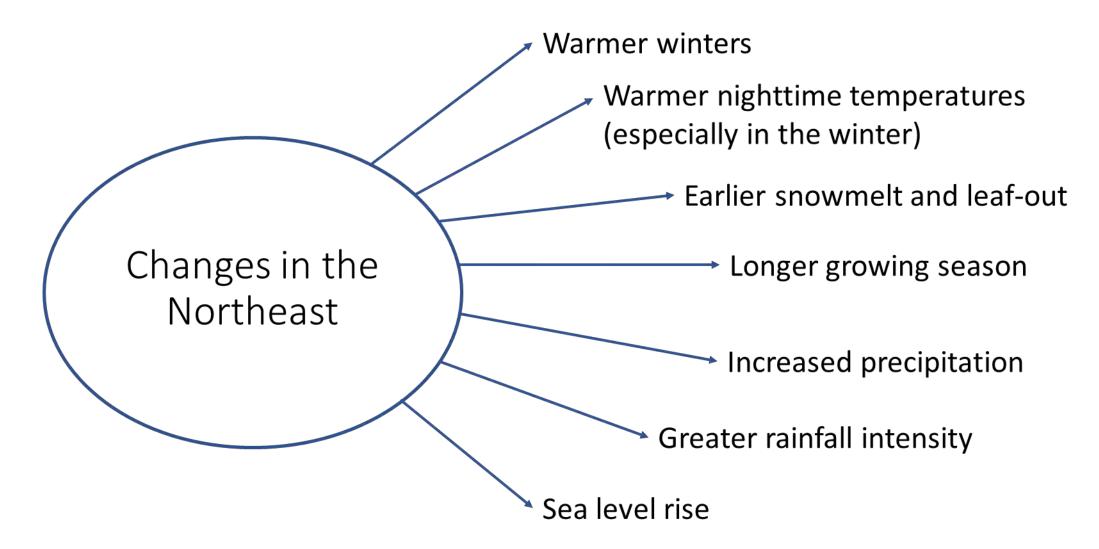
Climate Equity Webinars

Art + Climate Equity

Our goal is to integrate climate equity into all our projects as part of "This is who we are."

Application of Climate Science to Agriculture and Forestry

- ✓ Changes of Concern
- ✓ Impacts
- ✓ Opportunities
- ✓ Adaptation
- ✓ Mitigation





Agricultural Impacts



← damaged infrastructure after a wind event

Increased rainfall & precipitation intensity

- + Erosion
- + Compaction
- + Loss of nutrients
- + Delayed planting/harvesting+ Crop loss

Increased temperature

- + "False Springs"
- + Less snow = more runoff and erosion in winter
- + Pests and invasive species
- + Need for irrigation
- + Yield loss due to heat stress

Sea level rise

+ Soil and well salinization+ Farm/forest land loss



 \downarrow spring flooding



Agricultural Opportunities

- Double cropping
- New varieties
- Longer growing season
- More growing degree days



Agricultural Adaptation Strategies



← alley cropping system

 \downarrow cover crops



Promote soil health & reduce soil erosion

Decision support: better information faster These are just some examples! Protect from

extremes

Cover crops

- Reduce tillage
- Integrate pest management
- Shift planting dates
- Adjust feeding management
- Identify and select better adapted varieties, breeds and cultivars
- High tunnel houses
- Ventilation systems
- Riparian buffers
- Expanded irrigation
- Shift production zones away from flood- and frost-prone areas

Agricultural Mitigation Strategies



← Cover cropping to increase carbon inputs

Increase on-farm carbon sequestration

Practices that increase soil carbon are also climate adaptive!

Reduce on-farm

emissions

- Add cover crops
- Reduce tillage
- Add organic matter
- Replace annual crops with perennial crops
- Add, protect, and grow trees

- Practice energy conservation and efficiency
- Conduct energy audits
- Implement efficiency updates and utilize efficiency strategies
- Integrate renewable energy including wind, solar, or bioenergy

Installing solar panels on a barn roof →



Forestry Impacts



← Insect Damage

 \downarrow Ghost Forests



Increased rainfall & precipitation intensity

Increased

temperature

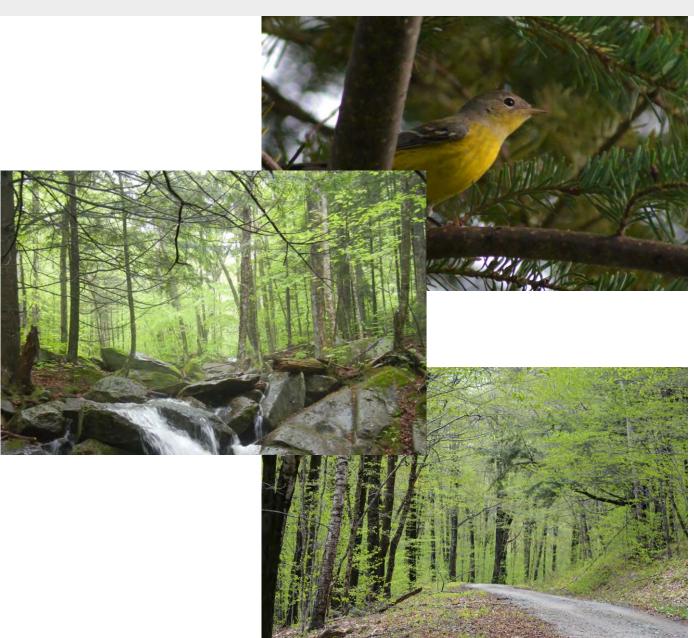
- + Erosion
 + Compaction
 + Flooding
 + Loss of nutrients
- + Increased fire danger
- + "False springs"
- + Less snow = more runoff and erosion in winter
- + Pests and invasive species
- + Productivity loss due to heat stress

Sea level rise

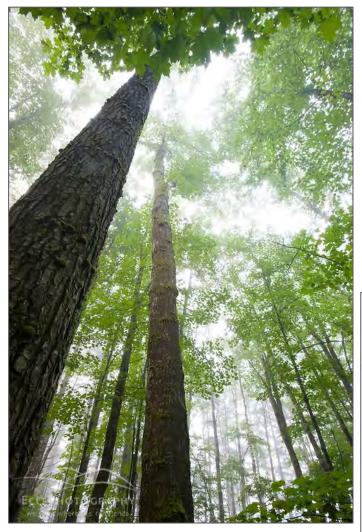
+ Soil salinization+ Ghost forests

Forestry Opportunities

- Longer growing seasons
- More growing degree days
- New species and varieties
- Increased carbon sequestration

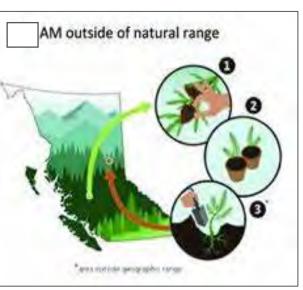


Forestry Adaptation Strategies



 \leftarrow Keep forests as forests

 \downarrow Assisted Migration



Avoid Forest Loss

- Keep forests as forests
- Plant forests
- Plan forest buffers, corridors, reserves
- Reduce pollution
- Control invasives, pests
 & pathogens
- Manage for fire
- Manage for resilience

Assisted Migration

Reduce Stressors

- More southerly species
- More southerly cultivars

Forestry Mitigation Strategies



 \leftarrow Plant trees

 \downarrow Manage soil carbon

Sequester carbon in plants

Sequester carbon in soils

- Keep forests as forests
- Plant more forests
- Maximize species selection
 for old growth + fast growing species
- Extend rotations
- Avoid compaction
- Avoid carbon loss by fire
- Manage for long-term soil health

Avoid loss of carbon

- Improve ability to withstand pests and pathogens
- Reduce impacts from invasive species

USDA Climate Hubs

resources

Website: Welcome to the USDA Northeast Climate Hub | USDA Climate Hubs

Newsletter: Quarterly Harvest

Twitter: @USDAClimateHubs

Forest Pulse: <u>The Pulse: Forests and Climate in the</u> <u>News</u> | USDA Climate Hubs

Email: Lindsey.Rustad@usda.gov



Questions?



